# Приложение к рабочей программе дисциплины Английский язык: технический перевод

Направление подготовки — 15.03.02 Технологические машины и оборудование Профиль — Машины и аппараты пищевых производств Учебный план 2016 года разработки.

# ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

# 1. Назначение фонда оценочных средств (ФОС) по дисциплине

ФОС по учебной дисциплине – совокупность контрольных материалов, предназначенных для измерения уровня достижения обучающимся установленных результатов обучения, а также уровня сформированности всех компетенций (или их частей), закрепленных за дисциплиной. ФОС используется при проведении текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся.

Задачи ФОС:

- управление процессом приобретения обучающимися необходимых знаний, умений, навыков и формированием компетенций, определенных в ФГОС ВО;
- оценка достижений обучающихся в процессе изучения дисциплины с выделением положительных/отрицательных результатов и планирование предупреждающих/ корректирующих мероприятий;
- обеспечение соответствия результатов обучения задачам будущей профессиональной деятельности через совершенствование традиционных и внедрение в образовательный процесс университета инновационных методов обучения.

# 2. Структура ФОС и применяемые методы оценки полученных знаний

# 2.1 Общие сведения о ФОС

ФОС позволяет оценить освоение всех указанных в рабочей программе дескрипторов компетенции, установленных ОПОП. В качестве методов оценивания применяются: наблюдение за работой, наблюдение за действиями в смоделированных условиях, применение активных методов обучения, экспресс-тестирование, программированные тесты.

Структурными элементами ФОС по дисциплине являются: входной контроль (при наличии) (предназначается для определения уровня входных знаний), ФОС для проведения текущего контроля, состоящие из устных, письменных заданий, тестов, и шкалу оценивания, ФОС для проведения промежуточной аттестации, состоящий из устных, письменных заданий, и других контрольно-измерительные материалов, описывающих показатели, критерии и шкалу оценивания.

Применяемые методы оценки полученных знаний по разделам дисциплины

Раздел	Текущая аттестация (количество заданий, работ)		Промежуточная
газдел	Устный опрос	Тестирование	аттестация
Тема 1. Теоретические основы перевода	+	+	
Тема 2. Общие принципы перевода слов	+	+	
Тема 3. Перевод терминов	+	+	
Тема 4. Перевод интернациональных	+ +	1	
слов. «Ложные друзья переводчика»		Т	
Тема 5. Перевод словосочетаний	+	+	зачет
Тема 6. Перевод глаголов в			3tt 1C1
страдательном залоге, эмфатических	+	+	
конструкций			
Тема 7. Перевод инфинитива и			
инфинитивных оборотов, причастия и	+	+	
причастных оборотов, герундия и			

герундиального оборота			
Тема 8. Перевод условных предложений,	_	_	
модальных глаголов	1	1	

# 2.2 Оценочные материалы для проведения текущего контроля

# Входной контроль

Входной контроль проводится с целью определения уровня знаний обучающихся, необходимых для успешного освоения материала дисциплины.

# Тестирование Variant 1

- 1. Употребите нужную форму глаголов to be и to have:
- 1. My favourite subjects .... Physics, IT and Mathematics.
- 2. We .... a nice library in the college.
- 3. The novel .... written many years ago.

# Варианты:

1. am	5. were
2. is	6. have
3. are	7. has
4. was	8. had

- 2. Определите, к какой части речи относится выделенное слово:
- 1. My friend **likes** to make computer programs.
- 2. This is the oldest **building** in our town.
- 3. Lomonosov was an outstanding scientist.
- 4. The sun is shining **brightly** in the sky.

# Варианты:

- 1. существительное
- 2. глагол
- 3. прилагательное
- 4. наречие
- 5. числительное
- 3. Вставьте нужный предлог:
- 1. Now I'm a student .... Technical College.
- 2. Usually I go .... the timetable which is .... the hall.

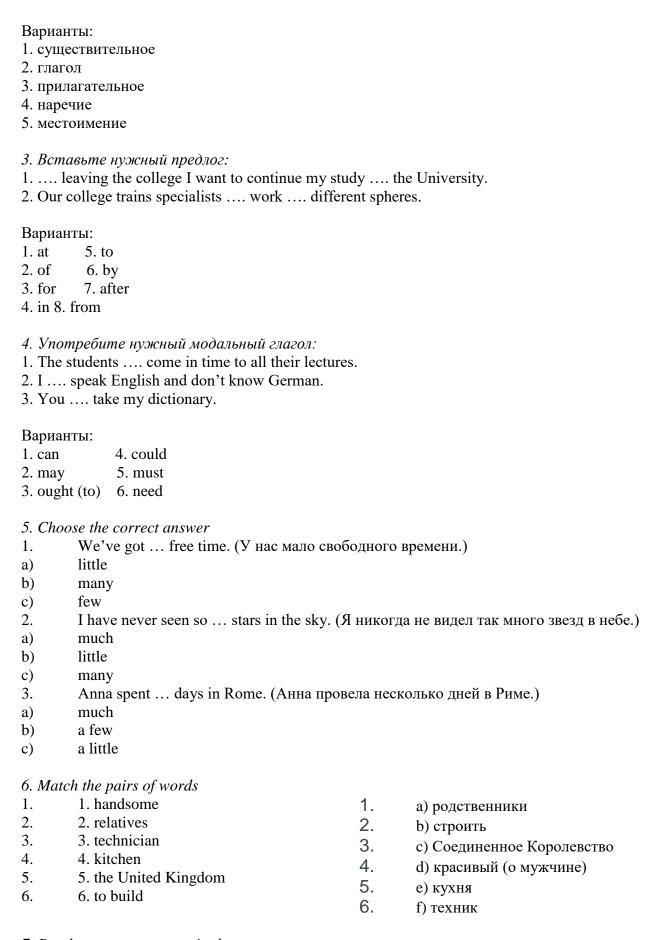
# Варианты:

- 1. at 5. to 2. of 6. by 3. for 7. after 4. in 8. from
- 4. Choose the correct answer
- 1. There is too ... salt in the soup. (В супе слишком много соли.)
- a) much
- b) many
- c) a few
- 2. There are ... sky-scrapers in our city. (В нашем городе есть несколько небоскребов.)
- a) much
- b) a little
- c) a few

3. I've got ... albums of this singer. (У меня есть несколько альбомов этого исполнителя.) much a) b) a few c) a little 5. Match the pairs of words 1. 1. builder a) а) умный 2. 2. cheap b) b) уютный 3. 3. appearance с) научный c) 4. 4. scientific d) d) строитель 5. 5. cozy e) е) внешность 6. clever f) 6. f) дешевый 6. Put the correct pronoun in the sentence. .... am the first-year student. I a) He, she, it b) We, you, they c) 2. Is .... in the room? Somebody a) Anybody b) Everyone c) .... are builders 3. a) b) He, she, it c) We, you, they 7. Употребите нужный модальный глагол: 1. You .... take your umbrella, it's raining. 2. How .... I get to the museum? 3. After classes students .... go to the library or different hobby clubs. Варианты: 1. can 4. could 2. may 5. must 3. ought (to) 6. need Variant 2 1. Употребите нужную форму глаголов **to be** и **to have**: 1. The students .... in the library last week. 2. After a few classes I go to the canteen and .... breakfast. 3. My father .... a lot of work to do last week.

# Варианты:

- 1. am 5. were 2. is 6. have 3. are 7. has 4. was 8. had
- 2. Определите, к какой части речи относится выделенное слово:
- 1. Where do you **study**?
- 2. Do you like your **study**?
- 3. After classes students go to **their** favorite hobby groups.
- 4. On the first floor of the college there is a hall, a gym and **some** classes.



- 7. Put the correct pronoun in the sentence.
- 1.... am the first-year student.
- a) I

- b) He, she, it
- c) We, you,t hey
- 1. Is ... in the room?
- a) Somebody
- b) Anybody
- c) Everyone
- 3.... are builders
- a) ]
- b) He, she, it
- c) We, you, the

# **Keys:**

# Variant1.

- 1. 1-are, 2-have, 3-was
- 2. 1- глагол, 2-существит, 3-прилагат, 4-наречие
- 3. 1-of, 2- to, in
- 4. 1-much, 2-a few, 3-a few
- 5. 1-d, 2-f, 3-e, 4-c, 5-b, 6-a
- 6. 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- 7. 1-3, 2-1, 3-4

#### Variant 2.

- 1. 1-were, 2-have, 3-had
- 2. 1-глагол, 2-существит, 3-местоим, 4-наречие
- 3. 1-after, at 2- for, in
- 4. 1-must, 2-can, 3-may
- 5. 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- 6. 1-d, 2-a, 3-f, 4-e, 5-c, 6-b
- 7. 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

# Критерии оценивания входного контроля

Оценивание входного тестирования осуществляется по номинальной шкале — за правильный ответ к каждому заданию выставляется один балл, за не правильный — ноль. Общая оценка каждого теста осуществляется в отношении количества правильных ответов к общему числу вопросов в тесте (выражается в процентах).

Уровень знаний обучающихся, необходимых для успешного освоения материала дисциплины, определяется по набранным баллам. При оценке 75 % и более правильных ответов уровень знаний обучающихся считается *достаточным* (оценка — зачтено). При оценке, меньшей 75 % правильных ответов уровень знаний обучающихся считается *недостаточным* (оценка — не зачтено).

Время прохождения теста – 10 минут.

#### Устный опрос

- 1. Теоретические основы перевода
- 2. Общие принципы перевода слов
- 3. Перевод терминов
- 4. Перевод интернациональных слов. «Ложные друзья переводчика»
- 5. Перевод словосочетаний
- 6. Перевод глаголов в страдательном залоге, эмфатических конструкций
- 7. Перевод инфинитива и инфинитивных оборотов, причастия и причастных оборотов, герундия и герундиального оборота

8. Перевод условных предложений, модальных глаголов

Устный ответ оцениваются по четырех балльной системе.

Оценка «отлично» ставится:

- если студент глубоко и прочно усвоил заданную тему, исчерпывающе ее излагает, не допуская ошибок;

Ответ оценивается на «хорошо»:

- если студент твердо знает заданную тему, грамотно ее излагает, не допускает существенных неточностей при ответах.

Ответ оценивается на «удовлетворительно»:

- если студент освоил только часть заданной темы;

Ответ оценивается на «неудовлетворительно»:

- -если студент не усвоил материала заданной темы;
- -допускает существенные ошибки, не знает определений ключевых понятий по теме;

# Тестирование

1.

2.

# Письменное тестирование по грамматическим темам

The billion reempodante no i pairimain reeknim remain
1. Выберите соответствующую форму местоимения some, any, no.
1. We haven't got milk. We can't make breakfast.
2. There are new words in this lesson.
3. Did you buy stamps?
4. There are people in the park because it's cold.
5. Bob always like sugar in his coffee.
a) some b) any c) no
2. Выберите соответствующую форму местоимений much, many, (a) little, (a) few.
1. The winter examination session will begin in days.
a) a little b) a few c) much  2. She ate so dessert that she is in bed today with a stomachache.
a) many b) much c) few
3. There are new pictures in this room.
a) many b) much c) little
4.I drink coffee. I don't like it.
a) many b) few c) little
5.There are very scholarships for students.
a) few b) much c) little
3. Выберите соответствующую форму степени сравнения прилагательных и наречий.
1. The Trans-Siberian railway is in the world.
a) long b) longer c) the longest
2. The rivers in America are much than those in England.
a) biger b) bigger c) the biggest
3. My brother is than I. a) elder b) the eldest c) eldest
4. English is as as German.
a) difficult b) more difficult c) the most difficult
5. What is the name of port in USA?
a) big b) the most big c) the biggest

4. Откройте скобки и поставьте глаголы во времена Indefiniteuли Continuous.

But yesterday she (not to take) a bus, she (to walk) to her office.

My mother always (to take) a bus to get to work.

<ul><li>While she (to shop) this morning, she (to lose) her money.</li><li>Who (to speak) there? -1 (not to know).</li></ul>
5. Who (to take) care of the children in the future?
5. Определите правильную формуглагола: Present Indefinite/Present Continuous  1. My son very well.  a) is swimming b) swims c) swim  2. My friend his holiday in the Caucausus now.  a) spends b) spending c) is spending  3. I watch how he the new words in his exercise book.  a) am writing b) writs c) is writing  4. We to our classes at 8.30 every day.  a) comes b) come c) are coming  5. Is English a special subject at your college? — Yes, it is. We to master it.  a) want b) are wanting c) wants
Ключи  I 1-b, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c, 5a  II 1-b, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c, 5-a  III 1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-a, 5-c  IV 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-a, 5-b  V 1-b, 2-c, 3-c, 4-b, 5-a
Indefinite tenses Выберите правильный вариант ответа.
1. His sister English every day. a) study b) studis c) studies 2. You to the south next summer. a) will go b) go c) went 3. They this flat five years ago. a) received b) receives c) did receive 4. Many English words from the French language. a) came b) camed c) comed 5. Yesterday he very quickly. a) don't run b) doesn't run c) didn't run 5. They to our city many years ago. a) came b) camed c) come 6. I'm sure he hard next month. a) will work b) worked c) works 7. He letters because he is going to return soon. a) doesn't write b) don't write c) doesn't writes 8. Ms. Roger is a nurse in a hospital. She to look after people. a) liked b) likes c) like 9. They from the library. a) didn't returned b) not returned c) didn't return 10. Last year the scientists important work in geochemistry. a) doed b) did c) do 11. The foreign delegation in Moscow last week. a) arrive b) arrives c) arrived 12. You about your parents. It's badly. a) will not think b) don't think c) didn't think 13. I was very busy last summer and to voyage. a) didn't go b) don't went c) didn't went

	14. The friends this novel last evening.
	a) know b) knew c) knowed
	15. After classes I usually to the canteen for lunch.
	a) goes b) went c) go
	16. Let's cook. Childrenusually very hungry after school.
	a) are b) be c) will be
	17. She to wait for us at the University.
	a) don't want b) doesn't wants c) doesn't want
	18. We to the park with our children last Sunday.
	a) went b) will go c) go
	19. He your article the next time.
	a) read b) will read c) readed
	20. My friend and I often to the theatre to see a new performance.
	a) goes b) go c) went
	21. The other day I some good music on the radio.
	a) listen b) listened c) will listen
	22. He usually his free time with his relatives.
	a) don't pass b) doesn't pass c) didn't pass
	23. My father me the bicycle for my next birthday.
	a) will buy b) bought c) buys
	24. He to study English two years ago.
	a) begin b) begun c) began
	I <i>C</i>
	Ключи.
	1-c, 2-a, 3-a, 4-a, 5-a, 6-a, 7-a, 8-b, 9-c, 10-b, 11-c, 12-b, 13-a, 14-b, 15-c, 16-a, 17-c, 18-a, 19-b, 21-a, 22-b, 23-a, 24-a
	20-b, 21-c, 22-b, 23-a, 24-c
	Present Tenses.
	Выберите ваш вариант ответа вместо пропусков.
	1. I am tired. We for more than an hour. Let's stop and rest for a while.
	a) are walking b) have been walking c) walk d)have walked
	2. I have read this chapter in my chemistry text three times, and still I it.
	a) understand b) haven't understood c) don't understand d)have understood
	3. How long a course of lectures on Medieval History?
	a) has Professor Donaldson delivered b) does Professor Donaldson deliver
	c) is Professor Donaldson delivering d) has Professor Donaldson been delivering
	4. Anne is a fashion designer; she to the opening of every new fashion show in the city.
	a) goes b) is going c) has been going d) has gone
	5. Sonia as a computer programmer this year, but she'd like to try something different
	future.
	a) works b) has been working c) has worked d) is working
	6. A group of scientists are travelling around Africa. How many countries so far, I
wonde	
	a) have they been visiting b) have they visited c) they have visited d) do they visit
	7. Their car is as good as new though they it for a number of years.
	a) have been having b) have had c) have d) are having

8. Jake is a good footballer. Do you know since when football? a) has he been playing b) he has been playing c) he plays d) is he playing
<ul><li>9. You may take this magazine. I through it already.</li><li>a) have looked b) am looking c) have been looking d) look</li></ul>
10. Jerry promised to come to work in time. He is not here, and he even . a) hasn't been calling b) isn't calling c) hasn't called d) doesn't call
11. David is quite an athlete. He wants to be strong and healthy that's why heevery
morning. a) jogs b) has jogged c) is jogging d) has been jogging
12 What are you looking for? - I my umbrella somewhere, and now I don't know where it is.  a) have left b) have been leaving c) leave d) has left
13. Today the world so rapidly; things never stay the same. a) changes b) has changed c) has been changing d) is changing
14. My mother is a medical nurse; she takes care of sick and old people. What for a living?
a) has your mother been doing b) does your mother do c) is your mother doing d) has your mother done
15. Who my newspaper? It was on my desk a minute ago. a) took b) has taken b) takes c) have taken
<b>Ключи.</b> 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a, 5-d, 6-b, 7-b, 8-b, 9-a, 10-c, 11-a, 12-a, 13-d, 14-b, 15-b
Past Tenses Выберите ваш вариант ответа вместо пропусков.
1. He had been away for many years and when he visited his native town, he saw that it
greatly.  a) was changing b) changed c) had been changing d) had changed
2) It wasn't raining when I looked out of the window; the sun was shining. But it earlier. That's why the ground was wet.  a) had been raining b) had rained c) rained d) was raining
3) Margaret didn't wear her shoes; she was barefoot. She on a piece of broken glass and cut her foot.  a) was stepping b) stepped c) had stepped d) had been stepping
4) Sam says he didn't enjoy the program because the TV set properly. a) hadn't been working b) wasn't working c) didn't work d) hadn't worked
5) In 1912 the Titanic an iceberg on its first trip across the Atlantic, and it sank four hours later.
a) had hit b) hit c) was hitting d) had been hitting

	6) While I a burglar climbed into the room through the window. a) had slept b) had been sleeping c) was sleeping d) slept
	7) He ill for three days, so his mother wanted to bring him to a doctor, but he didn't o go. a) had been feeling b) had felt c) was feeling d) felt
	8) Scarcely out of the window when I saw a flash of light. a) was I looking b) had I been looking c) I was looking d) had I looked
	9) Rescue workers a man, a woman, and two children from cold rushing water. a) pulled b) had pulled c) were pulling d) had been pulling
	10) Our neighbours called the police when they found out that somebody into their
house.	a) broke b) was breaking c) had been breaking d) had broken
	11) Her face was stained with tears and her eyes were red. She  a) had cried b) was crying c) cried d) had been crying
	12) He didn't see me as he was reading when I into the room. a) was coming b) came c) had come d) had been coming
	13) He was taken to the police station because he into a car in front of him. a) had crashed b) wasn't crashing c) didn't crash d) crashed
	14) I found the way to her house quite easily because Nora it to me very well. a) had been describing b) was describing c) described d) had described
	15) Who in this house before they pulled it down? a) lived b) was living c) had lived d) had been living
	<b>Ключи</b> 1-d, 2-a, 3-b, 4-b, 5-b, 6-c, 7-a, 8-d, 9-a, 10-d, 11-d, 12-b, 13-a, 14-d, 15-d
	Passive Voice. Выберите ваш вариант ответа вместо пропусков.
	1) A new book by that company next year. a) will be published b) is publishing c) will publish
	2) Our plan by the members of the committee. a)considers b) is considered c) is being considered
	3) A prize to whoever solves this equation. a) gives b) will be giving c) will be given
	4) When the manager arrived, the problem a) had already solved b) had already been solved c) had solved
want to	5) Battle Creek is a hard-working city, where businesses dedicated employees who o build a good life for their families. a) have not found b) have found c) found
(	6) Four people in a train crash.

a) killed b) have killed c) have been killed
7) The house by a pop star. a) have bought b) was bought c) bought
8) The room later. a) has been cleaned b) will be cleaned c) will clean
9) Many accidents by dangerous driving. a)are caused b) have been caused c) caused
10) People this road very often. a) haven't used b) don't use c) aren't used
11) This situation is serious. Something must before it's too late. a) have done b) do c) be done
12) Have you heard the news? The President! a) shot b) has shot c) has been shot
<ul><li>13) Two men tried to sell a painting that</li><li>a) had stolen b) was stolen c) had been stolen</li></ul>
14) This is a large hall. Many parties here. a) are held b) has been held c) are being held
15) In more than 200 years the USA Constitution 26 times. a)is amended b) is being amended c) has been amended
<b>Ключи</b> 1-a, 2-c, 3-c, 4-b, 5-c, 6-c, 7-b, 8-b, 9-a, 10-b, 11-c, 12-c, 13-c, 14-a, 15-c
Modals Выберите ваш вариант ответа вместо пропусков.
1) Lisa get bored in her job. Her job is so boring. a) must b) can't c) should d) would
2) Jack go to hospital yesterday. a) should b) must c) has to d) had to
3) You look tired. You go to bed. a) would b) must c) should d) could
4) It's a secret. You tell anyone. a) needn't b) wouldn't c) shouldn't d) mustn't
5) I was surprised that she say such rude words. a) should b) must c) would d) will 6) My grandfather speak six languages many years ago. a) need b) shall c) should d) could
7) What shall we do this evening? We go out. a) could b) ought to c) should d) would

8) I to sleep recently.
a) haven't been able b) mustn't c) couldn't d) can't
9) You have just had lunch. You be hungry. a) mustn't b) shouldn't c) wouldn't d) can't
10) you please be quiet?I'm trying to read. a) Would b) Should c) Can d) Shall
11.He be at home. He be out. a) can, shouldn't b) must, can't c) must, needn't d) should, mustn't
12) I leave the party early last night. I wasn't very well. a) had to b) must c) have to d) was to
13) Are you going to read the report? No, I I already know what it says. a) shouldn't b) needn't c) can't d) mustn't
14) She help you tomorrow. a) will be able to b) is able to ) could d) will can
15) Jim gave me a letter to post. I remember to post it. a)needn't b) must c) can d) may
V wowy

1-a, 2-d, 3-c, 4-d, 5-a, 6-d, 7-a, 8-a, 9-d, 10-a, 11-b, 12-a, 13-b, 14-a, 15-b.

Оценивание письменного тестирования по грамматическим темам осуществляется по номинальной шкале — за правильный ответ к каждому заданию выставляется один балл, за не правильный — ноль. Общая оценка каждого теста осуществляется в отношении количества правильных ответов к общему числу вопросов в тесте (выражается в процентах).

Уровень знаний обучающихся, необходимых для успешного освоения материала дисциплины, определяется по набранным баллам. При оценке 75 % и более правильных ответов уровень знаний обучающихся считается *достаточным* (оценка — зачтено). При оценке, меньшей 75 % правильных ответов уровень знаний обучающихся считается *недостаточным* (оценка — не зачтено).

Время прохождения теста – 30 минут.

# 2.3 Оценочные материалы для проведения промежуточной аттестации

#### Зачет

Зачет проводится в первом семестре изучения дисциплины. Оценивание осуществляется по двухбальной системе.

#### Критерии оценивания

Промежуточная аттестация считается пройденной (получена оценка «зачтено») если все виды текущей аттестации выполнены на оценку «зачтено».